

**Unit 9 Non-right Triangles (9A)**

Date \_\_\_\_\_

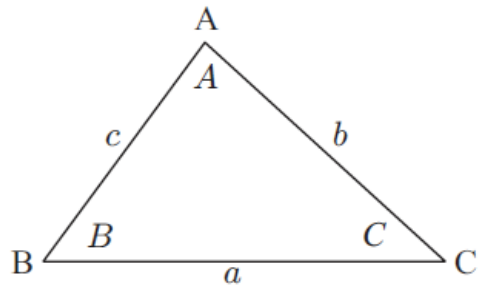
**Law of Cosines** (see page 217 for proofs)

1) If we know two side lengths and the included angle, then we can determine the missing side length from:

$$c^2 = \underline{\hspace{4cm}}$$

2) If we know all 3 side lengths then we can determine any angle as well:

$$\cos(C) =$$

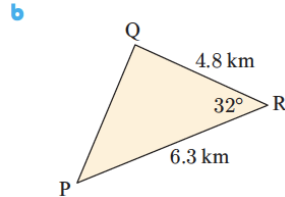
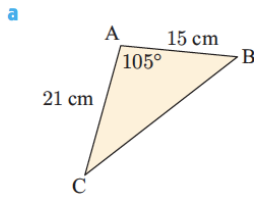


Example: In triangle ABC,  $\overline{AB} = 7\text{ cm}$ ,  $\overline{BC} = 5\text{ cm}$  and  $\overline{AC} = 8\text{ cm}$

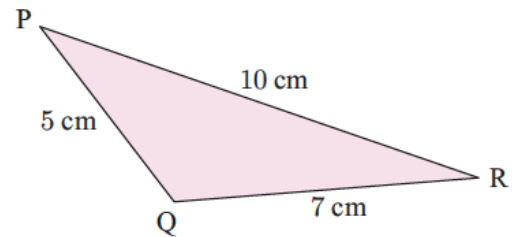
- a) Find the measure of  $\angle ACB$                       b) Find the exact area of the triangle

**Classwork:**

1 Find the length of the remaining side in the given triangle:

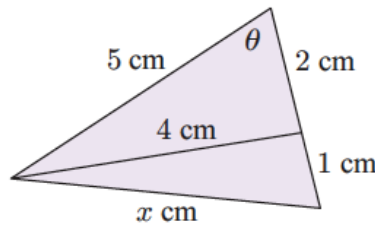


- 3 a Find the measure of obtuse  $\widehat{PQR}$ .  
b Hence find the area of  $\triangle PQR$ .



4 a Find the smallest angle of a triangle with sides 11 cm, 13 cm, and 17 cm.

- 5 a Find  $\cos \theta$  but not  $\theta$ .  
b Find the value of  $x$ .



6 Find the exact value of  $x$  in each of the following diagrams:

